

Hong Leong Dana Makmur

Annual Report

Financial Year Ended 30 June 2023

2022/2023 Audited



Hong Leong Dana Makmur

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I. FUND INFORMATION

Fund Name Hong Leong Dana Makmur

Fund Category Islamic Equity

Fund Type Growth

Investment Objective

To achieve consistent capital growth over the Medium-To-Long Term^{*} by investing strictly in accordance with the Shariah requirements.

Duration of the Fund and its termination date, where applicable

Not Applicable

Benchmark

FTSE Bursa Malaysia Emas Shariah Index

Distribution Policy

The Fund intends to provide Long-Term^{**} capital growth. As such, cash distribution will be incidental to the overall capital growth objective and a substantial portion of the income returns from investments will be reinvested. The Fund may also declare distributions in the form of additional Units to the relevant unit holders.

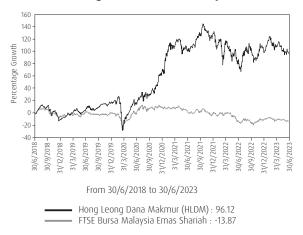
Notes:

* Medium-To-Long Term refers to a period of 3 to 5 years.

** Long-Term refers to a period of above 5 years.

II. FUND PERFORMANCE

Chart 1: Performance of the Fund versus the benchmark covering the last five financial years



Source: Lipper for Investment Management, In Malaysian Ringgit terms, ex-distribution, NAV Per Unit-to-NAV Per Unit basis with gross income (if any) from HLDM reinvested.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Performance Review

This Annual Report covers the twelve-month financial year from 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023.

The Fund posted a return of 8.16% (based on NAV Per Unit-to-NAV Per Unit basis with gross income (if any) from the Fund reinvested) in the past twelve months while its benchmark the FTSE Bursa Malaysia Emas Shariah Index registered a return of -0.85%. During the financial year under review, the Fund had distributed a gross income distribution of 4.3000 sen per unit (net income distribution of 4.3000 sen per unit) to its unit holders on 21 July 2022. Prior to the income distribution, the cum-distribution net asset value (NAV) per unit of the Fund was RM0.6655 while the ex-distribution NAV per unit was RM0.6225. Unit holders should note that income distribution has the effect of reducing the NAV per unit of the Fund after distribution.

For the five financial years ended 30 June 2023, the Fund registered a return of 96.12% compared to the benchmark's return of -13.87% while distributing a total gross income of 21.104 sen per unit (net income of 21.0302 sen per unit).

Table 1: Performance of the Fund for the following periods as at 30 June 2023 (Source: Lipper for Investment Management)

	30/06/23		30/06/23	30/06/20- 30/06/23 3 Years		30/06/23	
HLDM (%)	-5.50	-1.49	8.16	72.25	96.12	139.44	502.34
Benchmark	(%) -2.81	-4.79	-0.85	-13.49	-13.87	-15.29	131.35

Table 2: Return of the Fund based on NAV Per Unitto-NAV Per Unit basis for the period 30 June 2022 to 30 June 2023 (Source: Lipper for Investment Management)

	30-Jun-23	30-Jun-22	Return (%)
NAV Per Unit	RM0.6746	RM0.6668	8.16#
Benchmark	10,414.87	10,503.97	-0.85
vs Benchmark (%)	-	-	9.01

Return is calculated after adjusting for income distribution of 4.3000 sen per unit on 21/07/2022.

Table 3: Financial Highlights

The Net Asset Value attributable to unit holders is represented by:

	30-Jun-23	30-Jun-22	Change
	(RM)	(RM)	(%)
Unit Holders' capital	131,555,278	79,196,515	66.11
Retained earnings	3,683,132	654,240	462.96
Net Asset Value	135,238,410	79,850,755	69.36
Units in Circulation	200,466,497	119,751,920	67.40

Table 4: The Highest and Lowest NAV Per Unit, Total Return of the Fund and the breakdown into Capital Growth and Income Distribution for the financial years

	Financial Year 30/06/22- 30/06/23	Financial Year 30/06/21- 30/06/22	Financial Year 30/06/20– 30/06/21
Highest NAV Per Unit (RM)	0.7711	0.8984	0.8504
Lowest NAV Per Unit (RM)	0.6158	0.6507	0.4607
Capital Growth (%)	1.17	-13.50	60.97
Income Distribution (%)	6.99	4.42	14.19
Total Return (%)	8.16	-9.08	75.16

Source: Lipper for Investment Management, In Malaysian Ringgit terms, ex-distribution, NAV Per Unit-to-NAV Per Unit basis with gross income (if any) from HLDM reinvested.

Table 5: Average Total Return of the Fund

	30/06/22-	30/06/20-	30/06/18-
	30/06/23	30/06/23	30/06/23
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
Average Total Return (%)	8.16	24.08	19.22

Source: Lipper for Investment Management, In Malaysian Ringgit terms, ex-distribution, NAV Per Unit-to-NAV Per Unit basis with gross income (if any) from HLDM reinvested.

Table 6: Annual Total Return of the Fund

Financial Year	• •		30/06/20- 30/06/21	• •	
Annual Total Return (%)	8.16	-9.08	75.16	9.10	4.36

Source: Lipper for Investment Management, In Malaysian Ringgit terms, ex-distribution, NAV Per Unit-to-NAV Per Unit basis with gross income (if any) from HLDM reinvested.

III. INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

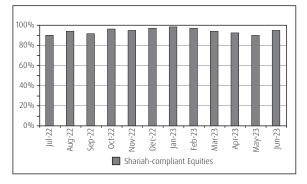
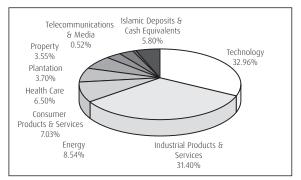


Chart 2: Asset Allocation - July 2022 to June 2023

Chart 3: Sector Allocation as at 30 June 2023



<u>Strategies employed by the Fund during the period</u> <u>under review</u>

During the year under review, the Fund's Shariahcompliant equity portion remains fully invested. The Fund took advantage of the market correction to increase its exposure to the healthcare sector as the sector was particularly hit hard by weak market sentiment and gloomy market outlook. Another notable change in sector allocation was the increase in exposure of the fund to the energy sector. Commodity prices was under tremendous pressure in the midst of recession fears and the Fund took the opportunity to buy selected energy Shariah-compliant stocks at attractive valuation.

<u>An explanation on the differences in portfolio</u> <u>composition</u>

There was an increase in allocation to industrial products and energy due to improving outlook and attractive valuations.

Operational review of the Fund

For the financial year under review, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund or circumstances that would materially affect the interest of unit holders up to the date of this Manager's report.

IV. MARKET REVIEW

During the year under review, the MSCI AC Asia Pacific Ex Japan Index declined. The best performing markets were Japan and India while the laggards were Hong Kong and China. In the local market, the FTSE Bursa Malaysia KLCI declined 4.7%. Small caps outperformed as the FTSE Bursa Malaysia Small Cap Index rose 4.3%.

After a brief respite in July, equity markets resumed its march to the abyss for the rest of the third quarter of 2022. It appears investors only had themselves to blame as the equity markets appeared to have gotten ahead of itself on hopes that the end of the monetary tightening cycle is just around the corner, only for Jerome Powell's hawkish statements and stubborn United States (US) inflation data to put to rest any lingering wishful thinking of a 'Fed Pivot'.

The equity markets recovered some lost ground in October as corporate earnings remained resilient in the face of tighter monetary policy and weakening economic data. The rally gathered more momentum following the release of US inflation data that suggests that inflation might have finally turned the corner. Meanwhile, China's decision to ease COVID-19 restrictions by end of the year also boosted investors' sentiment on expectations that the economy will finally see a sustainable recovery as the country reopens.

Global equity markets started the new year of 2023 with much gusto and optimism as investors could not wait to put a harrowing 2022 behind them. However, volatility in the equity markets continued to prevail throughout the first quarter of 2023 as stubborn inflation data resulted in bond yields trending higher on the possibility of higherthan-expected rate hikes. March also saw the collapse of Silicon Valley Bank and the shock takeover of Credit Suisse, among other things keeping investors on the edge of their seats.

The market volatility carried over to the second quarter although the global equity markets did end the first half of 2023 on a generally positive note. Tensions surrounding the US debt ceiling negotiations caused some jitters in the middle of the quarter. However, a pause in interest rate hikes by the US Federal Reserve in June after more than a year of consecutive rate increases, resolution of the debt ceiling negotiations and healthy job data in the US pushed global markets higher.

The local market declined in the third quarter along with the sell-off in global equity markets, albeit to a much lesser degree due to its inherent defensive nature. Foreign investors, who were net buyers of the local market in July and August, started selling in September as risk-off sentiment accelerated in expectations of a gloomy global economic outlook. The domestic market reversed its declining trend and rallied in the final quarter of 2022, in tandem with the global equity market as the sentiment was boosted by the formation of the Unity government.

As it often happens, the global equity market exuberance that was witnessed in the first quarter of 2023 appear to have lost its way in the local market. Not only was the FTSE Bursa Malaysia KLCI one of the laggards but it was also in the red, going against the tide among the regional equity markets. The main local index was dragged down by the banking sector as investors took profit after the sector outperformance last year.

It was a relatively quiet and muted second quarter for the local bourse, probably due to several factors such as a poor corporate results season, Ramadhan holidays and concerns about possible spill over effect from poor macro data from China. With state elections drawing near, investors also lack conviction due to rising political uncertainty.

V. FUTURE PROSPECTS AND PROPOSED STRATEGIES

The global economy has clearly weakened substantially in the midst of central banks' fight against raging global inflation. A multitude of global macro shocks such as the Ukraine crisis, China lockdown and elevated inflation prove to be more than just a handful of economic inconveniences that the global economy had to deal with, ultimately leading to the inevitable slowdown. Nevertheless, there are encouraging signs that inflation has started to moderate. China's effort to reopen the economy is also expected to alleviate some downward pressure on the global economy.

On the local front, the formation of a Unity government is a positive step towards alleviating some of the political uncertainty plaguing the country in the past few years. Notwithstanding the deteriorating external economic environment, the local economy is expected to remain resilient due to its diversified structure. We expect market volatility to persist due the uncertain outcomes of the various macro events happening around the world at the moment. Rather than trying to do the impossible and pre-empt the future, we opine that the best strategy to navigate through this challenging environment is staying invested in high quality companies with solid fundamentals.

VI. SOFT COMMISSIONS

The Manager has received soft commissions from brokers/dealers in the form of goods and services such as research materials, data and quotation services incidental to investment management of the Fund and investment related publications. Such soft commissions received are utilised in the investment management of the Fund and are of demonstrable benefit to the Fund and unit holders and there was no churning of trades.

VII. SECURITIES LENDING OR REPURCHASE TRANSACTIONS

No securities lending or repurchase transactions have been carried out during the financial year under review.

VIII. CROSS TRADE TRANSACTIONS

No cross trade transactions have been carried out during the financial year under review.

I, Hoo See Kheng, as the Director of Hong Leong Asset Management Bhd, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the financial statements set out on pages 17 to 51 are drawn up in accordance with the provision of the Deeds and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

For and on behalf of the Manager, Hong Leong Asset Management Bhd (Company No.: 199401033034 (318717-M))

HOO SEE KHENG

Chief Executive Officer/Executive Director

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF HONG LEONG DANA MAKMUR ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Hong Leong Asset Management Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, the securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Ng Hon Leong

Head, Fund Operations

Sylvia Beh Chief Executive Officer

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF HONG LEONG DANA MAKMUR ("Fund")

We hereby confirm the following:

- To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Hong Leong Asset Management Bhd has operated and managed the Fund for the period covered by these financial statements namely, the year ended 30 June 2023, in accordance with Shariah principles and requirements, and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The assets of the Fund comprise instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

For and on behalf of the Shariah Adviser, **BIMB SECURITIES SDN BHD**

NURUL AQILAH SUFIYAH LOKMAN

Designated Shariah Officer

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF HONG LEONG DANA MAKMUR

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Hong Leong Dana Makmur ("the Fund") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 17 to 51.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Manager's Review and Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to terminate the Fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.

- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023 RM	2022 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME/(LOSS) Profit income from financial assets			
measured at amortised cost Dividend income	4	153,388 1,251,463	69,413 1,284,387
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	10	5,552,970 6,957,821	(10,856,458) (9,502,658)
EXPENDITURE			
Management fee Trustee's fee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Transaction costs Other expenses	5 6	(1,417,777) (66,163) (6,400) (3,750) (558,215) (55,037)	(1,108,909) (51,749) (6,400) (2,950) (640,979) (57,547)
		(2,107,342)	(1,868,534)
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION Taxation PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)	7	4,850,479 	(11,371,192)
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		4,850,479	(11,371,192)
Profit/(loss) after taxation is made up as follows: Realised amount Unrealised amount		(2,070,986) 6,921,465 4,850,479	(499,314) (10,871,878) (11,371,192)
Distribution for the financial year Net distribution Net distribution per unit (sen) Gross distribution per unit (sen)	8 8 8	5,101,589 4.3000 4.3000	2,453,048 3.8983 3.9040

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023 RM	2022 RM
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from brokers/dealers Amount due from the Manager	9	5,520,954 -	6,142,846 260,056
-creation of units		4,540,701	221,526
Dividends receivable Financial assets at fair value through		222,580	47,165
profit or loss ("FVTPL")	10	127,390,997	73,393,932
Prepayment		1,096	1,569
TOTAL ASSETS		137,676,328	80,067,094
LIABILITIES Amount due to brokers/dealers Amount due to the Manager		2,071,377	-
-cancellation of units -management fee		193,229 156,065	99,762 102,265
Amount due to the Trustee		7,283	4,772
Other payables and accruals		9,964	9,540
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,437,918	216,339
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		135,238,410	79,850,755
EQUITY			
Unit holders' capital		131,555,278	79,196,515
Retained earnings		3,683,132	654,240
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS	5	135,238,410	79,850,755
UNITS IN CIRCULATION (UNITS)	12	200,466,497	119,751,920
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		0.6746	0.6668

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	Unit holders′ capital RM	Retained earnings RM	Total RM
Balance as at 1 July 2022 Movement in net asset value:		79,196,515	654,240	79,850,755
Creation of units from applications	5	62,349,856	-	62,349,856
Creation of units from distribution		5,026,825	-	5,026,825
Cancellation of units Total comprehensive income for		(11,737,916)	-	(11,737,916)
the financial year		-	4,850,479	4,850,479
Distribution for the financial year	8	(3,280,002)	(1,821,587)	(5,101,589)
Balance as at 30 June 2023		131,555,278	3,683,132	135,238,410
Balance as at 1 July 2021 Movement in net asset value:		31,150,417	14,478,480	45,628,897
Creation of units from applications	5	55,210,872	-	55,210,872
Creation of units from distribution		2,362,716	-	2,362,716
Cancellation of units Total comprehensive loss for		(9,527,490)	-	(9,527,490)
the financial year		-	(11,371,192)	(11,371,192)
Distribution for the financial year	8	-	(2,453,048)	(2,453,048)
Balance as at 30 June 2022		79,196,515	654,240	79,850,755

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023 RM	2022 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sales of financial assets at FVTPL		44,488,573	65,745,553
Purchase of financial assets at FVTPL		(91,159,450)	(108,389,580)
Profit income received from financial assets			,
measured at amortised cost		153,388	69,413
Dividend income received		1,076,048	1,272,197
Management fee paid		(1,363,977)	(1,062,030)
Trustee's fee paid		(63,652)	(49,693)
Payment for other fees and expenses		(64,290)	(67,434)
Net cash used in operating activities		(46,933,360)	(42,481,574)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from creation of units Payments for cancellation of units Payments for distribution Net cash generated from financing activities		58,030,681 (11,644,449) (74,764) 46,311,468	55,417,150 (9,427,728) (90,332) 45,899,090
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	9	(621,892) 6,142,846 5,520,954	3,417,516 2,725,330 6,142,846

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Hong Leong Dana Makmur ("the Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 2 October 2001 and Supplemental Deed dated 30 April 2010 between the Manager, Hong Leong Asset Management Bhd and AmTrustee Berhad for the unit holders of the Fund. AmTrustee Berhad has been replaced with Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad ("the Trustee") effective 1 September 2012 and Supplemental Master Deeds were entered into between the Manager and the Trustee for the unit holders of the Fund on 27 July 2012, 25 March 2015, 28 November 2019, 7 February 2020, 21 December 2021 and 28 April 2022 to effect the change ("the Deeds").

The Fund aims to achieve consistent capital growth over the Medium-To-Long Term by investing strictly in accordance with the Shariah requirements.

The Fund follows a strict selection process to ensure only appropriate Shariah-compliant securities are invested. Generally, the Fund selects undervalued companies that have the potential to offer good Medium-To-Long Term capital growth. Undervalued companies refer to companies with stock price selling at a price lower than what is believed to be its intrinsic value and can be measured by its price to earnings ratio (PER), price to book ratio (P/B), dividend yield or any other appropriate method as determined by the Manager.The Fund commenced operations on 12 November 2001 and will continue its operations until terminated as provided under Part 12 of the Deed.

The Manager of the Fund is Hong Leong Asset Management Bhd, a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activity of the Manager is the management of unit trust funds and private investment mandates. Its holding company is Hong Leong Capital Berhad, a company incorporated in Malaysia and listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. Hong Leong Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd (HLISAM) is the external fund manager appointed for Hong Leong Dana Makmur. The effective date for the appointment is on 17 April 2020. HLISAM is a wholly own subsidiary of the Manager. On November 2019, HLISAM was issued with an Islamic fund management license by the Securities Commission Malaysia ("SC") to undertake the regulated activity of Islamic fund management.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 17 August 2023.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements:

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. The Manager believes that the underlying assumptions are appropriate and the Fund's financial statements therefore present the financial position results fairly. Although these estimates and judgment are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 2(k).

(i) Standards and amendments to existing standards effective 1 July 2022

There are no standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on 1 July 2022 that have a material effect on the financial statemens of the Fund.

 (ii) New standards, amendment and interpretations effective after 1 July 2022 and have not been early adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for financial year beginning after 1 July 2022. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund, except the following set out below:

 Amendments to MFRS 101 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current' clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or noncurrent, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the entity's expectations or events after the reporting date (e.g. the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant).

The amendment is effective for the annual financial reporting period beginning on or after 1 July 2024.

The amendment shall be applied retrospectively.

(b) Financial assets and financial liabilities

<u>Classification</u>

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income ('OCI') or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities¹ as fair value through other comprehensive income. The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities² are solely principal and profit, however, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents, amount due from brokers/dealers, amount due from the Manager and dividends receivable as financial assets measured at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

¹ For the purposes of the investments made by the Fund, equity securities refer to Shariah-compliant equity securities.

For the purposes of the investments made by the Fund, debt securities refer to sukuk.

The Fund classifies amount due to brokers/dealers, amounts due to the Manager, amount due to the Trustee and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Shariahcompliant investments are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 9, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the Shariah-compliant investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within net gain or loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the year which they arise.

Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as part of dividend income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established. Quoted Shariah-compliant investments are valued at the last traded market prices quoted on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") at the date of the statement of financial position.

Unquoted Shariah-compliant equity security is valued at the initial public offering ("IPO") issue price as announced in the Bursa Securities.

If a valuation based on the market price does not represent the fair value of the quoted Shariahcompliant investments, for example during abnormal market conditions or when no market price is available, including in the event of a suspension in the quotation of the quoted Shariah-compliant securities for a period exceeding 14 days, or such shorter period as agreed by the Trustee, then the quoted Shariahcompliant securities are valued as determined in good faith by the Manager, based on the methods or bases approved by the Trustee after appropriate technical consultation.

Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are stated at cost plus accrued profit calculated on the effective profit rate method over the period from the date of placement to the date of maturity of the respective Islamic deposits, which is a close estimate of their fair value due to the short term nature of the Islamic deposits. Financial assets at amortised cost and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective profit rate method.

Impairment

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be closed to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of obligor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to pay the amount. The Fund may write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in impairment gains. There are no write-offs/ recoveries during the financial year.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

(d) Income recognition

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date when the Fund's right to receive payment is established.

Profit income from cash at bank and Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are recognised on the effective profit rate method on an accrual basis.

Profit income is calculated by applying the effective profit rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective profit rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Realised gain or loss on disposal of quoted Shariahcompliant investments is accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of quoted Shariah-compliant investments, determined on a weighted average cost basis.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and Islamic deposits held in highly liquid Shariah-compliant investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with an original maturity of three months or lesser which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(f) Amount due from/to brokers/dealers

Amount due from/to brokers/dealers represents receivables/payables for Shariah-compliant investments sold/purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the statement of financial position date respectively.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective profit rate method, less provision for impairment for amount due from brokers/dealers. A provision for impairment of amount due from a broker/dealer is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due from the relevant broker/dealer. Significant financial difficulties of the broker/dealer, probability that the broker/dealer will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are considered indicators that the amount due from brokers/dealers is impaired. Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, profit income is recognised using the rate of profit used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

(g) Taxation

Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws at the prevailing tax rate based on the taxable profit earned during the financial year. Withholding taxes are not "income tax" in nature and are recognised and measured based on the requirements of MFRS 137. They are presented within other expenses line in the statement of comprehensive income.

(h) Distributions

A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserve. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the financial year in which it is approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager.

(i) Transaction costs

Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire or dispose financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include fees and commissions paid to agents and brokers/dealers. Transaction costs, when incurred, are immediately recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as expenses.

(j) Unit holders' capital

The unit holders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the unit holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value;
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase the units; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss and change in the net asset value of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the date of the statement of financial position if unit holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation and cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unit holders with the total number of outstanding units.

(k) Critical accounting estimates and judgments in applying accounting policies

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with the Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

However, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no accounting policies which require significant judgment to be exercised.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk (inclusive of price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk, capital risk and Shariah status reclassification risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control process adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the prospectus.

The following table analyses the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position as at the reporting date:

2023 <u>Financial assets</u> Cash and cash equivalents (Note 9) Amount due from the Manager -creation of units	-		
<u>Financial assets</u> Cash and cash equivalents (Note 9) Amount due from the Manager	-		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 9) Amount due from the Manager	-		
		5,520,954	5,520,954
	-	4,540,701	4,540,701
Dividends receivables	-	222,580	222,580
Financial assets at FVTPL (Note 10)	127,390,997	-	127,390,997
	127,390,997	10,284,235	137,675,232
The second disk that as			
<u>Financial liabilities</u> Amount due to brokers/dealers Amount due to the Manager	-	2,071,377	2,071,377
-cancellation of units	-	193,229	193,229
-management fee	-	156,065	156,065
Amount due to the Trustee	-	7,283	7,283
Other payables and accruals	-	9,964	9,964
	-	2,437,918	2,437,918
2022			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 9)	-	6,142,846	6,142,846
Amount due from brokers/dealers	-	260,056	260,056
Amount due from the Manager		224 52 (224 527
-creation of units Dividends receivables	-	221,526 47,165	221,526 47,165
Financial assets at FVTPL (Note 10)	73,393,932	47,105	73,393,932
	73,393,932	6,671,593	80,065,525
		, ,	
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to the Manager		00772	007/2
-cancellation of units -management fee	-	99,762	99,762
Amount due to the Trustee	-	102,265 4,772	102,265 4,772
Other payables and accruals		9,540	9,540
sale psycholog and accidats	-	216,339	216,339

All liabilities are financial liabilities which are carried at amortised cost.

(a) Market risk

(i) Price risk

Price risk arises mainly from the uncertainty about future prices of Shariah-compliant investments. It represents the potential loss the Fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of price movements. The Manager manages the risk of unfavourable changes in prices by continuous monitoring of the performance and risk profile of the Shariahcompliant investment portfolio.

The price risk is managed through diversification and selection of Shariah-compliant securities and other financial instruments within specified limits according to the Deeds.

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk is as follows:

	2023 RM	2022 RM
Financial assets at FVTPL: - Quoted Shariah-compliant equity securities - Unquoted Shariah-compliant equity security	122,590,997 4,800,000	73,393,932
	127,390,997	73,393,932

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net asset value and profit/(loss) after taxation to movements in prices of quoted Shariah-compliant equity securities and unquoted Shariah-compliant equity security at the end of each reporting year. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the market price of the quoted Shariah-compliant equity securities and unquoted Shariah-compliant equity security fluctuated by 5% with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the quoted Shariahcompliant equity securities and unquoted Shariah-compliant equity security having regard to the historical volatility of the prices.

% Change in price of financial assets at FVTPL	Market value RM	Impact on profit/(loss) after taxation/ net asset value RM
2023		
-5%	121,021,447	(6,369,550)
0%	127,390,997	-
5%	133,760,547	6,369,550
2022		
-5%	69,724,235	(3,669,697)
0%	73,393,932	-
5%	77,063,629	3,669,697

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's Shariah-compliant investments and its return will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Interest rate is a general economic indicator that will have an impact on the management of the Fund regardless whether it is an Islamic unit trust fund or otherwise. It does not in any way suggest that the Fund will invest in conventional financial instruments. All the investments carried out for the Fund are in accordance with Shariah requirements.

The Fund's exposure to the interest rate risk is mainly confined to short term placements with licensed financial institutions. The Manager overcomes the exposure by way of maintaining Islamic deposits on short term basis.

As at end of each reporting year, the Fund is not exposed to a material level of interest rate risk as the Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are placed on a short term basis.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that an issuer or counterparty will default on its contractual obligation resulting in financial loss to the Fund.

The credit risk arising from placements of Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place Islamic deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions.

The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units receivable from the Manager are governed by the Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

For amount due from brokers/dealers, the settlement terms are governed by the relevant rules and regulations as prescribed by Bursa Securities. The credit/default risk is minimal as all transactions in quoted Shariah-compliant investments and unquoted Shariah-compliant equity security are settled/paid upon delivery using approved brokers/dealers.

The following table sets out the credit risk concentration of the Fund at the end of each reporting year:

	Cash and cash equivalents RM	Amount due from brokers/ dealers RM	Amount due from the Manager - creation of units RM	Dividends receivable RM	Total RM
2023					
- AAA	5,397,526	-	-	-	5,397,526
- AA1	123,428	-	-	-	123,428
- NR	-	-	4,540,701	222,580	4,763,281
Total	5,520,954	-	4,540,701	222,580	10,284,235
2022					
- AAA	6,047,077	260,056	-	-	6,307,133
- AA1	95,769	-	-	-	95,769
- NR	-	-	221,526	47,165	268,691
Total	6,142,846	260,056	221,526	47,165	6,671,593

All financial assets of the Fund are neither past due nor impaired.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that Shariah-compliant investments cannot be readily sold at or near its actual value without taking a significant discount. This will result in lower net asset value of the Fund.

The Manager manages this risk by maintaining sufficient level of Islamic liquid assets to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of the units by unit holders. Islamic liquid asset comprises cash at bank, Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions and other Shariah-compliant instruments.

The table below summarises the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period as at the end of each reporting year to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month RM	1 month to 1 year RM	Total RM
2023			
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to brokers/dealers	2,071,377	-	2,071,377
Amount due to the Manager			
-cancellation of units	193,229	-	193,229
-management fee	156,065	-	156,065
Amount due to the Trustee	7,283	-	7,283
Other payables and accruals	-	9,964	9,964
Contractual cash out flows	2,427,954	9,964	2,437,918
2022			
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to the Manager			
-cancellation of units	99,762	-	99,762
-management fee	102,265	-	102,265
Amount due to the Trustee	4,772	-	4,772
Other payables and accruals	-	9,540	9,540
Contractual cash out flows	206,799	9,540	216,339

(d) Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unit holders' capital and retained earnings. The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unit holders' and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the Shariah-compliant investment activities of the Fund.

(e) Shariah status reclassification risk

· Shariah-compliant equity securities

The risk that the currently held Shariah-compliant equity securities in the portfolio of the Fund may be reclassified as Shariah non-compliant in the periodic review of the securities by the Shariah Advisory Council of the Securities Commission ("SAC of the SC") or the Shariah Adviser. If this occurs, the Manager will take the necessary steps to dispose of such securities.

Opportunity loss could occur due to the restriction on the Fund to retain the excess capital gains derived from the disposal of the reclassified Shariah non-compliant securities. In such an event, the Fund is required:

(i) to dispose of such securities with immediate effect or within one (1) calendar month if the value of the securities exceeds or is equal to the investment cost on the effective date of reclassification of the list of Shariah-compliant securities ("Reclassification") by the SAC of the SC or date of review ("Review") by the Shariah Adviser. The Fund is allowed to keep dividends received and capital gains from the disposal of the securities up to the effective date of Reclassification or Review. However, any dividends received and excess capital gains from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant securities after the effective date of Reclassification or Review should be channelled to baitulmal and/or charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser;

- (ii) to hold such securities if the value of the said securities is below the investment cost on the effective date of Reclassification or Review until the total subsequent dividends received (if any) and the market price of the securities is equal to the cost of investment at which time disposal has to take place within one (1) calendar month, excess capital gains (if any) from the disposal of the securities should be channelled to baitulmal and/or charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser; or
- (iii) to dispose of such securities at a price lower than the investment cost which will result in a decrease in the Fund's value.
- Sukuk or Islamic money market instruments or Islamic deposits

This risk refers to the risk of a possibility that the currently held sukuk or Islamic money market instruments or Islamic deposits invested by the Fund may be declared as Shariah non-compliant by the relevant authority or the Shariah Adviser. If this occurs, the Manager will take the necessary steps to dispose of or withdraw such fixed income instruments or money market instruments or deposits.

(f) Fair value estimation

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The information presented herein represents the estimates of fair values as at the date of the statement of financial position.

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on the respective classification.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as trading Shariah-compliant securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Fund utilises the last traded market price for financial assets where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of the fair value.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Fund uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each year end date. Valuation techniques used for non-standardised financial instruments such as Islamic options, currency swaps and other over-the-counter Islamic derivatives, include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs. For instruments for which there is no active market, the Fund may use internally developed models, which are usually based on valuation methods and techniques generally recognised as standard within the industry. Valuation models are used primarily to value unlisted Shariah-compliant equity and sukuk instruments for which market were or have been inactive during the financial year. Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including model risk, liquidity risk and counter party risk.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an on-going basis.

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirely is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirely. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirely. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that requires significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirely requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy of the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
2023 <u>Financial assets</u> <u>at FVTPL:</u> - Quoted Shariah - compliant equity				
- Unquoted Shariah - compliant equity	122,590,997	-	-	122,590,997
security	-	-	4,800,000	4,800,000
	122,590,997	-	4,800,000	127,390,997
2022 Financial assets <u>at FVTPL:</u> - Quoted Shariah -compliant equity securities	73,393,932	_	-	73,393,932

Shariah-compliant investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include active listed Shariah-compliant equities. The Fund does not adjust the quoted prices for this instrument. Unquoted Shariahcompliant equity security is valued at the Initial Public Offering ("IPO") issue price and classified at Level 3. The Fund's policies on valuation of these financial assets are stated in Note 2(b).

(ii) The carrying values of financial assets (other than financial assets at FVTPL) and financial liabilities are a reasonable approximation of their fair values due to their short term nature.

4. PROFIT INCOME FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

	2023 RM	2022 RM
Profit income from: - Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions - Cash at bank	152,914 474	69,078 335
	153,388	69,413

5. MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with Division 13.1 of the Deed, the Manager is entitled to a management fee of up to 1.50% per annum calculated daily based on the net asset value of the Fund.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2023, the management fee is recognised at a rate of 1.50% (2022: 1.50%) per annum.

There is no further liability to the Manager in respect of management fee other than the amount recognised above.

6. TRUSTEE'S FEE

In accordance with Division 13.2 of the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to a fee not exceeding 0.10% subject to a minimum of RM35,000 per annum calculated daily based on the net asset value of the Fund.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2023, the Trustee's fee is recognised at a rate of 0.07% (2022: 0.07%) per annum.

There is no further liability to the Trustee in respect of Trustee's fee other than the amount recognised above.

7. TAXATION

	2023 RM	2022 RM
Tax charge for the financial year: Current taxation		

The numerical reconciliation between profit/(loss) before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory income tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	2023 RM	2022 RM
Profit/(loss) before taxation	4,850,479	(11,371,192)
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2022: 24%)	1,164,115	(2,729,086)
Tax effects of: (Shariah-compliant investment income not subject to tax)/ Shariah-compliant investment loss disallowed from tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restriction on tax deductible expenses for unit trust fund	(1,669,877) 152,895 352.867	2,280,638 172,316 276.132
Taxation	- 332,007	- 270,132

8. DISTRIBUTION

	2023 RM	2022 RM
Prior financial years' realised income Distribution equalisation	1,821,587 3,280,002	2,453,048
Net distribution amount	5,101,589	2,453,048
Date of Declaration		
Distribution on 21/26 July Net distribution per unit (sen)	4.3000	3.8983
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	4.3000	3.9040

Net distribution above is sourced from prior financial years' realised income. Gross distribution is derived using total income less total expenses.

Gross distribution per unit is derived from net realised income less expenses divided by units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from net realised income less expenses and taxation divided by units in circulation.

The above distribution has been proposed before taking into account the unrealised gain of RM6,921,464 (2022: unrealised loss of RM10,871,878) which is carried forward to the next financial year.

9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2023 RM	2022 RM
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	5,397,436	6,046,331
Cash at banks	123,518	96,515
	5,520,954	6,142,846

The weighted average effective rate of return per annum are as follows:

	2023 %	2022 %
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	2.95	2.00

Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions have an average remaining maturity of 3 days (2022: 1 day).

10. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS ("FVTPL")

	2023 RM	2022 RM
Financial assets at FVTPL:	122,590,997	73,393,932
Quoted Shariah-compliant equity securities	4,800,000	-
Unquoted Shariah-compliant equity security	127,390,997	73,393,932
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at FVTPL:	(1,368,495)	15,420
Realised (loss)/gain on disposals	6,921,465	(10,871,878)
Changes in unrealised fair values	5,552,970	(10,856,458)

Financial assets at FVTPL as at 30 June 2023 are as detailed below:

	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of net asset value %
QUOTED SHARIAH-COMPLIANT EQUITY SECURITIES				
<u>Main Market.</u> <u>Consumer Products & Services</u> DXN Holdings Bhd. Focus Point Holdings Berhad	5,496,000 6,906,340 12,402,340	3,816,750 2,993,461	4,012,080 5,490,540	2.97 4.06 7.03
	12,402,540	6,810,211	9,502,620	7.05
<u>Energy</u> Deleum Berhad Uzma Berhad Velesto Energy Berhad	3,100,000 5,800,000 23,500,000 32,400,000	2,812,185 3,716,680 5,095,600 11,624,465	2,790,000 3,596,000 5,170,000 11,556,000	2.06 2.66 3.82 8.54
<u>Healthcare</u> Top Glove Corporation Bhd.	6,000,000	4,856,540	4,860,000	3.59
Industrial Products & Services Dufu Technology Corp. Berhad Hiap Teck Venture Berhad Kobay Technology Bhd MCE Holdings Berhad QES Group Berhad	2,340,000 9,600,000 2,630,000 1,200,000 6,700,000	4,941,586 3,370,240 7,627,014 1,860,000 4,049,970	4,446,000 2,880,000 4,997,000 2,328,000 3,785,500	3.29 2.13 3.69 1.72 2.80
SAM Engineering & Equipment (M) Berhad Seng Fong Holdings Berhad SKP Resources Bhd.	1,030,000 4,800,000 4,200,000 32,500,000	4,671,805 3,553,580 4,649,330 34,723,525	4,727,700 3,456,000 4,578,000 31,198,200	3.50 2.56 3.39 23.08
<u>Plantation</u> Ta Ann Holdings Berhad	1,499,600	4,997,826	5,008,664	3.70
Technology D & O Green Technologies Berhad Frontken Corporation Berhad Malaysian Pacific Industries Bhd Pentamaster Corporation Berhad UWC Berhad	1,380,000 1,870,000 208,000 1,290,000 2,055,000 6,803,000	2,512,919 6,872,772 6,219,094 5,197,948 7,369,524 28,172,257	5,078,400 5,890,500 5,786,560 6,346,800 6,123,900 29,226,160	3.76 4.36 4.28 4.69 <u>4.53</u> 21.62

	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost RM		Percentage of net asset value %
<u>Telecommunications & Media</u> REDtone Digital Berhad	1,000,000	716,300	710,000	0.52
<u>ACE Market</u> <u>Healthcare</u> Cengild Medical Berhad	9,978,100	4,836,974	3,941,350	2.91
Industrial Products & Services Coraza Integrated Technology Berhad YBS International Berhad	6,000,000 10,154,200 16,154,200	4,592,900 6,023,109 10,616,009	4,500,000 6,752,543 11,252,543	3.33 4.99 8.32
<u>Technology</u> Cnergenz Berhad ECA Integrated Solution Berhad Genetec Technology Berhad	4,900,000 6,130,000 2,458,000 13,488,000	2,939,020 5,036,746 4,671,446 12,647,212	4,238,500 5,394,400 5,702,560 15,335,460	3.13 3.99 4.22 11.34
TOTAL QUOTED SHARIAH -COMPLIANT EQUITY SECURITIES	132,225,240	120,001,319	122,590,997	90.65
UNQUOTED SHARIAH -COMPLIANT EQUITY SECURITY				
Initial Public Offering ("IPO") Skyworld Development Berhad #	6,000,000	4,800,000	4,800,000	3.55
TOTAL UNQUOTED SHARIAH -COMPLIANT EQUITY SECURITY	6,000,000	4,800,000	4,800,000	3.55
TOTAL SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENTS	138,225,240	124,801,319	127,390,997	94.20
UNREALISED GAIN ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL		2,589,678		
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL		127,390,997		

Financial assets at FVTPL as at 30 June 2022 are as detailed below:

	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of net asset value %
QUOTED SHARIAH-COMPLIANT EQUITY SECURITIES				
Main Market Consumer Products & Services				
Berjaya Food Berhad	1,280,000	4,079,839	5,312,000	6.65
Guan Chong Berhad	495,000	1,468,510	1,247,400	1.56
Only World Group Holdings Berhad	3,300,000	1,446,492	1,666,500	2.09
	5,075,000	6,994,841	8,225,900	10.30

	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of net asset value %
Energy				
Wah Seong Corporation Berhad	2,945,800	2,408,408	1,782,209	2.23
Industrial Products & Services				
Dufu Technology Corp. Berhad	1,070,000	2,579,148	3,006,700	3.77
Hiap Teck Venture Berhad	7,450,000	3,139,165	2,235,000	2.80
Kobay Technology Bhd	1,210,000	4,963,361	3,581,600	4.48
P.I.E. Industrial Berhad	840,000	2,603,531	2,637,600	3.30
Pantech Group Holdings Berhad	5,000,000	2,392,690	3,200,000	4.01
	15,570,000	15,677,895	14,660,900	18.36
<u>Technology</u>				
D & O Green Technologies Berhad	1,060,000	1,332,337	4,081,000	5.11
Datasonic Group Berhad	5,000,000	2,840,250	2,325,000	2.91
Frontken Corporation Berhad	1,550,000	5,961,175	3,549,500	4.45
Inari Amertron Berhad	1,170,000	3,716,714	3,088,800	3.87
Malaysian Pacific Industries Bhd	103,000	3,443,784	2,884,000	3.61
Pentamaster Corporation Berhad	1,290,000	5,197,948	4,760,100	5.96
UWC Berhad	1,095,000	4,501,892	3,602,550	4.51
	11,268,000	26,994,100	24,290,950	30.42
<u>Transportation & Logistics</u> FM Global Logistics Holdings Berhad (formerly known as Freight Management Holdings Bhd.)	2,740,000	1,651,852	1,479,600	1.85
<u>ACE Market</u> <u>Consumer Products & Services</u> Focus Point Holdings Berhad	4,628,100	2,676,682	3,494,215	4.38
Industrial Products & Services Coraza Integrated Technology Berhad QES Group Berhad YBS International Berhad	5,000,000 4,600,000 8,054,200	3,796,700 2,732,760 4,629,639	2,950,000 2,346,000 3,946,558	3.69 2.94 4.94
	17,654,200	11,159,099	9,242,558	11.57
<u>Technology</u> Cnergenz Berhad Genetec Technology Berhad LGMS Berhad	4,200,000 2,458,000 4,180,000	2,443,980 4,671,446 3,047,416	2,394,000 4,793,100 3,030,500	3.00 6.00 3.80
	10,838,000	10,162,842	10,217,600	12.80
TOTAL QUOTED SHARIAH -COMPLIANT EQUITY SECURITIES	70,719,100	77,725,719	73,393,932	91.91
UNREALISED LOSS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL		(4,331,787)		
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL		73,393,932		

During the financial year, a total of 1,000,000,000 shares for Skyworld Development Berhad were made available for Initial Public Offering ("IPO") at a cost of RM0.80 per share by way of private placement.

Subsequent to the financial year ended 30 June 2023, Skyworld Development Berhad began trading on the main market on 10 July 2023 at a price of RM0.74 per share.

11. SHARIAH INFORMATION OF THE FUND

The Shariah Adviser confirmed that the investments portfolio of the Fund is Shariah-compliant, which comprises:

- (a) Equity securities listed on Bursa Malaysia which have been classified as Shariah-compliant by the Shariah Advisory Council of the Securities Commission.
- (b) Liquid assets in local market, which are placed in Shariah-compliant investments and/or instruments.

	2023 No. of units	2022 No. of units
At the beginning of the financial year Add: Creation of units during the financial year	119,751,920	59,190,996
- Arising from applications	89,789,623	69,234,208
- Arising from distribution	7,953,715	3,091,346
Less: Cancellation of units during the financial year	(17,028,761)	(11,764,630)
At the end of the financial year	200,466,497	119,751,920

12. UNITS IN CIRCULATION

13. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

	2023 %	2022 %
TER	1.63	1.64

Total expense ratio includes management fee, Trustee's fee, auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee and other expenses for the financial year divided by the Fund's average net asset value calculated on a daily basis and is calculated as follows:

TER =
$$\frac{(A+B+C+D+E)}{F} \times 100$$

Where;

А	=	Management fee
В	=	Trustee's fee
С	=	Auditors' remuneration
D	=	Tax agent's fee
Е	=	Other expenses excluding Sales & Services Tax
		("SST") on transaction costs.
F	=	Average net asset value of the Fund calculated
		on a daily basis

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial year calculated on a daily basis is RM94,667,030 (2022: RM74,055,747).

14. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	2023 Times	2022 Times
PTR	0.73	1.18

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

(Total acquisitions for the financial year + total disposals for the financial year) / 2

Average net asset value of the Fund for the financial year calculated on a daily basis

Where; total acquisitions for the financial year = RM92,853,683 (2022: RM107,883,691) total disposals for the financial year = RM45,778,083 (2022: RM66,218,486)

15. UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

<u>Relationships</u>
The Manager
Subsidiary of the Manager
Holding company of the Manager
Ultimate holding company of
the Manager
Subsidiaries and associate
companies of the ultimate
holding company of the Manager

No units were held by the Manager and parties related to the Manager as at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022.

In addition to related party disclosures mentioned elsewhere in the financial statements, set out below are other related party transactions and balances. The Manager is of the opinion that all transactions with the related companies have been entered into at agreed terms between the related parties.

90	
90	
	746
-	260,056
72) 32)	260,802
-	1,422
20	29,136,818
207	24,664,162
	520

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS/DEALERS

Percentage Percentage of total Values brokerage of total Brokerage of trade trade fees fees рм 0/~ RM 0/~ 2023 Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad* 33.190.322 2415 82 969 77 97 CLSA Securities Malaysia Sdn Bhd 26,379,548 19.19 65,907 18.20 Nomura Securities Malaysia Sdn Bhd 19,749,986 14.37 49,174 13 58 Credit Suisse Securities (M) Sdn Bhd 14,921,859 10.85 37,282 10.30 JPMorgan Securities (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd 10.12 14,684,344 10.68 36,639 Maybank Investment Bank Berhad 13,506,873 983 33 784 933 4.874.940 3.51 12,011 3.32 Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad 4.800.000 3.49 CGS-CIMB Securities Sdn. Bhd. 3,532,172 2.57 34,972 9.66 AmInvestment Bank Berhad 2.57 1,869,300 1.36 9300 137,459,344 362,038

Detail of transactions with brokers/dealers are as follows:

2022

Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad* 53,800,980 30.87 131,748 27.48 34,739,565 18.08 Nomura Securities Malaysia Sdn Bhd 19.93 86,699 Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad 21,085,117 12.10 52,786 11.01 12.09 CLSA Securities Malaysia Sdn Bhd 21,064,893 52,596 10.97 JPMorgan Securities (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd 12.277.101 7.04 30.668 6.39 CIMB Investment Bank Berhad 11,633,232 6.67 29.042 6.06 9,251,289 4.82 Credit Suisse Securities (M) Sdn Bhd 5.31 23,098 Maybank Investment Bank Berhad 8.227.806 4.72 50.817 10.60 RHB Investment Bank Berhad 2,222,000 22,000 4.59 174.301.983

* Transactions with brokers/dealers related to the Manager.

The Manager is of the opinion that all transactions with the related companies have been entered into at agreed terms between the related parties.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Manager proposed for the payment of a net distribution of RM7,718,280 at 3.5000 sen (gross and net) per unit in respect of the month of July 2023, which has been approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager. The distribution will be accrued for in the assets attributable to unit holders as an appropriation of the retained earnings for the financial year ending 30 June 2024.

A (i)	Portfolio Compositions:
	Consumer Products & Services
	Energy
	Health Care
	Industrial Products & Services
	Plantation
	Property
	Technology
	Telecommunications & Media
	Transportation & Logistics
	Islamic Deposits & Cash Equivalents

- (ii) Total Net Asset Value
- (iii) Net Asset Value Per Unit Units in Circulation
- (iv) Highest/Lowest NAV Per Unit (ex-distribution)
- (v) Total Return of the Fund*
 - Capital Growth
 - Income Distribution
- (vi) The distribution (gross) is made out of:-
 - The Fund's Capital
 - The Fund's Income
 - Total Distribution Amount
 - The Fund's Capital (% of Total Distribution Amount)
 - The Fund's Income (% of Total Distribution Amount)
- (vii) Distribution Per Unit

(ex-distribution)

(ex-distribution) (ex-distribution)

Highest NAV Per Unit Lowest NAV Per Unit

Additional Units Distributions (Gross) Distributions (Net) Distribution Date Cum-Distribution NAV/Unit EX-Distribution NAV/Unit

- (viii) Total Expense Ratio (TER)
- (ix) Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) (times)
- B Average Total Return, NAV Per Unit-to-NAV Per Unit basis (as at 30/06/2023)*
 - (i) One year
 - (ii) Three years
 - (iii) Five years
 - * Source: Lipper for Investment Management (Returns are calculated after adjusting for distributions and/or additional units, if any)
 - # The PTR decreased by 0.45 times (38.14%) to 0.73 times for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 versus 1.18 times for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 mainly due to lower level of rebalancing activities undertaken by the Fund.

30/06/22- 30/06/23	30/06/21- 30/06/22	Financial Year 30/06/20- 30/06/21
%	%	%
7.03	14.68	17.40
8.54	2.23	10.65
6.50	-	-
31.40	29.93	25.45
3.70 3.55	-	- 4.30
32.96	43.22	26.55
0.52	43.22	3.99
-	1.85	5.02
5.80	8.09	6.64
RM135,238,410	RM79,850,755	RM45,628,897
	0000	0110 7700
RM0.6746	RM0.6668	RM0.7709
200,466,497	119,751,920	59,190,996
RM0.7711	RM0.8984	RM0.8504
RM0.6158	RM0.6507	RM0.4607
8.16%	-9.08%	75.16%
1.17%	-13.50%	60.97%
6.99%	4.42%	14.19%
0.0000 sen/unit	3.9040 sen/unit	0.0000 sen/unit
4.3000 sen/unit	0.0000 sen/unit	4.3000 sen/unit
4.3000 sen/unit	3.9040 sen/unit	4.3000 sen/unit
0%	100%	0%
100%	0%	100%
-	- 3.9040 sen/unit	4 2000 co- /:+
4.3000 sen/unit 4.3000 sen/unit	3.9040 sen/unit 3.8983 sen/unit	4.3000 sen/unit 4.2926 sen/unit
21/07/2022	26/07/2021	23/07/2020
RM0.6655	26/07/2021 RM0.8025	23/07/2020 RM0.5309
RM0.6225	RM0.8025 RM0.7635	RM0.3309 RM0.4879
KMV.ULLJ	1000	11110.407 2
1.63%	1.64%	1.71%
0.73#	1.18	2.23

8.16% 24.08% 19.22%

Corporate Information

Manager

Hong Leong Asset Management Bhd [199401033034 (318717-M)]

Registered Office

Level 30, Menara Hong Leong No. 6, Jalan Damanlela Bukit Damansara 50490 Kuala Lumpur

Business Office

Level 18, Block B, Plaza Zurich No. 12, Jalan Gelenggang Bukit Damansara 50490 Kuala Lumpur

Board of Directors

Ms. Lee Jim Leng Mr. Hoo See Kheng Dato' Abdul Majit Bin Ahmad Khan Tunku Dato' Mahmood Fawzy Bin Tunku Muhiyiddin

Executive Director / Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Hoo See Kheng

External Fund Manager

Hong Leong Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd [198501008000 (140445-U)]

Trustee

Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146)

Shariah Adviser

BIMB Securities Sdn Bhd

Distributors

Hong Leong Bank Berhad OCBC Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Berhad CIMB Investment Bank Berhad Affin Bank Berhad United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad Areca Capital Sdn Bhd Kenanga Investors Berhad TA Investment Management Berhad Philip Mutual Berhad UOB Kay Hian Securities (M) Sdn. Bhd. OCBC AI-Amin Bank Berhad Registered Independent Tied Agents with FiMM

Head Office

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